Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: FOOD ZONE V
Product code: 53-D 652 (400 mL)
SDS no.: L-154E
Product type: Aerosol

Identified uses
Food grade heavy duty lubricant.

Manufacturer
Walter Surface Technologies Inc.
Bio-Circle – A Division of Walter Surface Technologies Inc.
5977 Trans Canada Highway
Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1
Canada
info@walter.com
www.walter.com
General Information: 1-888-592-5837

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation):
CANUTEC: +1-613-996-6666 or *666 (cellular)
(24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements
Prevention:
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Response:
Not applicable.

Storage:
P410 - Protect from sunlight.
P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:
Not applicable.
Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC): None known.

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC): None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture
Product code: 53-D 652 (400 mL)

CAS number/other identifiers
CAS number: Not applicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>60 - 100</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkanes, C11-15-iso-</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
<td>90622-58-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>64742-47-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Tel.: +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767)
Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing

**Skin contact**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**
- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
- Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon dioxide
  - carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
- Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide
Section 6. Accidental release measures

adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**United States**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 213 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1200 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>TWA (8 hours)</th>
<th>STEL (15 mins)</th>
<th>Ceiling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, as total hydrocarbon vapor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US ACGIH 4/2014</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC 7/2013</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 1/2013</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 1/2013</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 12/2012</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US ACGIH 6/2013</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[a]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC 7/2013</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 1/2013</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 12/2012</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 1/2013</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 12/2012</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US ACGIH 6/2013</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[a]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AB 4/2009</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC 7/2013</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON 1/2013</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC 12/2012</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>[b]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Form:** [a] Inhalable fraction [b] Mist

**Appropriate engineering controls**

- No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Environmental exposure controls**

- Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

**Eye/face protection**

- Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color: Whitish.
Odor: Characteristic.
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: Not applicable.
Melting point: Not available.
Boiling point: Not applicable.
Flash point: Closed cup: -97°C (-142.6°F)
Evaporation rate: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas): Extremely flammable aerosol.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1.7%  Upper: 10.9%
Vapor pressure: 450 kPa (3375.3 mm Hg) [ @ 20°C (68°F)]
Vapor density: Not available.
Relative density: 0.79 g/ml @ 20°C (68°F)
Solubility: Immiscible with water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not self igniting.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.
Viscosity: Not available.
VOC content: 145 % (w/w)

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol: Spray
Heat of combustion: 0.4601 kJ/g
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>EPA</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkanes, C11-15-iso-</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects
- General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light</td>
<td>Acute LC50 2200 µg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>4 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential
Section 12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>&gt;6</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

- Soil/water partition coefficient ($K_{OC}$): Not available.

**Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1950</td>
<td>UN1950</td>
<td>UN1950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AERG**: 126

**Special precautions for user**: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Protect from freezing. Freezing will damage product and render it unusable.
Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification: Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure

Reactive

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

SARA 313

No products were found.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Propane

New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: White mineral oil (petroleum); Propane

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Propane

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

Canada

Canadian lists
Section 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian NPRI**

The following components are listed: White mineral oil (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Propane

**CEPA Toxic substances**

None of the components are listed.

**Canada inventory**

All components are listed or exempted.

**International lists**

**National inventory**

Australia: All components are listed or exempted.

China: All components are listed or exempted.

Europe: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

**History**

- **Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy**: 12/30/2015
- **Date of previous issue**: 08/01/2015
- **Version**: 2.1
- **Revised Section(s)**: 2, 8, 16.
- **Prepared by**: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.